Date: Sun, 4 Sep 94 08:33:29 PDT
From: Info-Hams Mailing List and Newsgroup <info-hams@ucsd.edu>
Errors-To: Info-Hams-Errors@UCSD.Edu
Reply-To: Info-Hams@UCSD.Edu
Precedence: Bulk
Subject: Info-Hams Digest V94 #992
To: Info-Hams

Info-Hams Digest   Sun, 4 Sep 94   Volume 94 : Issue 992

Today's Topics:

Antenna Spreader Rings
Daily Summary of Solar Geophysical Activity for 03 September
Daily Summary of Solar Geophysical Activity for 30 August
How to open an ICOM R-1?
More Power vs. Better Antenna
Need FCC Part 15 Rules
Program to study for theory tests (PC-comp.)???
Questions: Digital Scanning, Cellphones, Transmissions
Radio Shack HTX 202
Wanted: Good Woman!
Which is Best?
Why Some people hate Wayne Green

Send Replies or notes for publication to: <Info-Hams@UCSD.Edu>
Send subscription requests to: <Info-Hams-REQUEST@UCSD.Edu>
Problems you can't solve otherwise to brian@ucsd.edu.

Archives of past issues of the Info-Hams Digest are available
(by FTP only) from UCSD.Edu in directory "mailarchives/info-hams".

We trust that readers are intelligent enough to realize that all text
herein consists of personal comments and does not represent the official
policies or positions of any party. Your mileage may vary. So there.

Date: Fri, 2 Sep 1994 23:48:36 GMT
From: ihnp4.ucsd.edu!agate!iat.holonet.net!crystal!david.siglin@network.ucsd.edu
Subject: Antenna Spreader Rings
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

   I have a very large supply of Poly rings, From 10 " with a 1/2 cross
section to 12 " with a 1" cross section. These rings are ideal for
building caged antennas (Dipoles,Slopers, Zepps, etc..) I would like to
unload these as quickly as possible so I will let them go at $4.00 per
ring or Best Offer, the more you take the better I'll feel! If you need
more info on the rings or about Cage antennas just drop me a note here

and I will be happy to discuss it with you. If you have a FAX I can send
an info sheet otherwise shoot mes a SASE and I will fire back some info.

Thanks in advance David KC4LTC
Send here or UWKJ62A@Prodigy.Com

Date: Sat, 3 Sep 1994 22:50:31 MDT
From: ihnp4.ucsd.edu!agate!library.ucla.edu!news.mic.ucla.edu!unixg.ubc.ca!
quartz.ucs.ualberta.ca!alberta!ve6mgs!usenet@network.ucsd.edu
Subject: Daily Summary of Solar Geophysical Activity for 03 September
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

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DAILY SUMMARY OF SOLAR GEOPHYSICAL ACTIVITY

03 SEPTEMBER, 1994

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(Based In-Part On SESC Observational Data)

SOLAR AND GEOPHYSICAL ACTIVITY INDICES FOR 03 SEPTEMBER, 1994

!!BEGIN!! (1.0) S.T.D. Solar Geophysical Data Broadcast for DAY 246, 09/03/94
10.7 FLUX=100 90-AVG=079 SSN=101 BKI=1221 2201 BAI=004
BGND-XRAY=B1.8 FLU1=2.0E+05 FLU10=1.5E+04 PKI=2221 1111 PAI=005
BOU-DEV=008,010,013,008,011,012,004,005 DEV-AVG=008 NT SWF=00:000
XRAY-MAX= C6.0 @ 1556UT XRAY-MIN= B1.1 @ 0352UT XRAY-AVG= B3.5
NEUTN-MAX= +002% @ 2250UT NEUTN-MIN= -002% @ 0550UT NEUTN-AVG= +0.3%
PCA-MAX= +0.1DB @ 2255UT PCA-MIN= -0.3DB @ 1845UT PCA-AVG= -0.0DB
BOUTF-MAX=55224NT @ 2237UT BOUTF-MIN=55194NT @ 1737UT BOUTF-AVG=55213NT
GOES7-MAX=P:+000NT@ 0000UT GOES7-MIN=N:+000NT@ 0000UT G7-AVG=+078,+000,+000
GOES6-MAX=P:+130NT@ 1853UT GOES6-MIN=N:-018NT@ 2003UT G6-AVG=+103,+028,-004
FLUXFCST=STD:102,106,110;SESC:102,106,110 BAI/PAI-FCST=005,010,015/010,015,015
KFCST=2134 4111 2134 4111 27DAY-AP=003,002 27DAY-KP=0010 1111 1000 1112
WARNINGS=*SWF
ALERTS=**245STRM:0018-1836UTC
!!END-DATA!!

NOTE: The Effective Sunspot Number for 02 SEP 94 was 30.0.
The Full Kp Indices for 02 SEP 94 are: 3+ 3- 1o 1- 2- 1- 1o 1-
The 3-Hr Ap Indices for 02 SEP 94 are: 20 13 4 3 7 3 4 3
Greater than 2 MeV Electron Fluence for 03 SEP is: 2.5E+06

SYNOPSIS OF ACTIVITY

Solar activity was low. Region 7776 (S06E68) produced the largest flare, a C6/SF at 03/1556Z. This region rotated around the east limb yesterday. Region 7773 (S07E21) is still the largest spot group on the disk but has not produced significant activity.

Solar activity forecast: solar activity is expected to be low to moderate. C-class activity is expected in Regions 7773 and 7776. An isolated M-class flare in these regions is also possible.

STD: The last time the 10.7 cm solar radio flux reached 100 was on 03 March of this year. A full-disk Yohkoh x-ray image has been appended to this report. Another minor 245 MHz radio noise storm occurred from about 00:18 UTC to 18:36 UTC.

The geomagnetic field was quiet.

Geophysical activity forecast: the geomagnetic field is expected to be quiet becoming unsettled to active by the end of the forecast period. This disturbance is expected in response to a recurrent coronal hole.

Event probabilities 04 sep-06 sep

Class M	40/40/40
Class X	05/05/05
Proton	01/01/01
PCAF	Green

Geomagnetic activity probabilities 04 sep-06 sep

A. Middle Latitudes	
Active	15/15/30
Minor Storm	10/10/20
Major-Severe Storm	05/05/10
B. High Latitudes	
Active	15/15/30
Minor Storm	10/10/20
Major-Severe Storm	05/05/10

HF propagation conditions were near-normal over all

regions. A minor SWF was associated with today's C6 flare and increased absorption on some daylit paths. Some paths may have been affected up to approximately 10 MHz. Near-normal propagation is expected to continue over the next 24 to 48 hours before effects of a recurrent coronal hole begin to erode propagation over the higher latitude paths later on 05 and 06 September. Additional SWFs are a distinct possibility with two regions now on the Sun that are capable of producing influential flare activity.

COPIES OF JOINT USAF/NOAA SESC SOLAR GEOPHYSICAL REPORTS
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REGIONS WITH SUNSPOTS. LOCATIONS VALID AT 03/2400Z SEPTEMBER

NMBR	LOCATION	LO	AREA	Z	LL	NN	MAG TYPE
7771	N06W04	122	0080	HSX	02	002	ALPHA
7772	S24W66	184	0010	AXX	01	002	ALPHA
7773	S07E21	097	0500	EKI	13	030	BETA-GAMMA
7774	N12E32	086	0020	CRO	05	005	BETA
7775	N16E61	057	0000	AXX	00	001	ALPHA
7776	S06E68	050	0230	HHX	03	001	ALPHA

REGIONS DUE TO RETURN 04 SEPTEMBER TO 06 SEPTEMBER

NMBR	LAT	LO
7764	S06	358

LISTING OF SOLAR ENERGETIC EVENTS FOR 03 SEPTEMBER, 1994

BEGIN	MAX	END	RGN	LOC	XRAY	OP	245MHZ	10CM	SWEEP
1232	1232	1232						180	
1453	1453	1453						100	

POSSIBLE CORONAL MASS EJECTION EVENTS FOR 03 SEPTEMBER, 1994

BEGIN	MAX	END	LOCATION	TYPE	SIZE	DUR	II	IV

NO EVENTS OBSERVED

INFERRED CORONAL HOLES. LOCATIONS VALID AT 03/2400Z

ISOLATED HOLES AND POLAR EXTENSIONS

EAST	SOUTH	WEST	NORTH	CAR	TYPE	POL	AREA	OBSN

NO DATA

SUMMARY OF FLARE EVENTS FOR THE PREVIOUS UTC DAY

Date	Begin	Max	End	Xray	Op	Region	Locn	2695 MHz	8800 MHz	15.4 GHz
02 Sep:	0036	0040	0042	B3.2						
	0302	0308	0312	B8.5						
	0423	0427	0448	B3.2						
	1314	1318	1320	B3.5						
	1433	1436	1442	B5.1						
	1647	1652	1655	C2.7						
	1910	1915	1920	B6.4						
	1958	2002	2006	C2.2						

REGION FLARE STATISTICS FOR THE PREVIOUS UTC DAY

	C	M	X	S	1	2	3	4	Total	(%)
Uncorrellated:	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	008	(100.0)

Total Events: 008 optical and x-ray.

EVENTS WITH SWEEPS AND/OR OPTICAL PHENOMENA FOR THE LAST UTC DAY

Date	Begin	Max	End	Xray	Op	Region	Locn	Sweeps/Optical Observations
02 Sep:	0036	0040	0042	B3.2				III
	0423	0427	0448	B3.2				III

NOTES:

All times are in Universal Time (UT). Characters preceding begin, max, and end times are defined as: B = Before, U = Uncertain, A = After. All times associated with x-ray flares (ex. flares which produce associated x-ray bursts) refer to the begin, max, and end times of the x-rays. Flares which are not associated with x-ray signatures use the optical observations to determine the begin, max, and end times.

Acronyms used to identify sweeps and optical phenomena include:

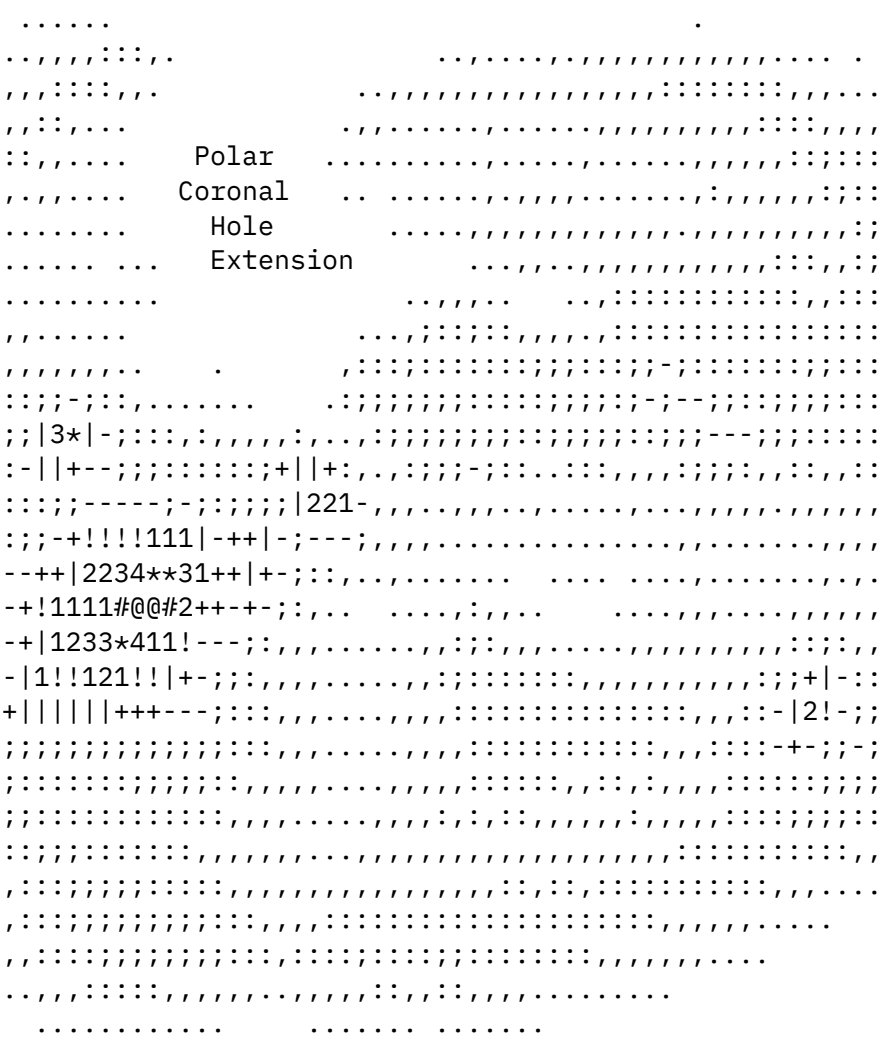
- II = Type II Sweep Frequency Event
- III = Type III Sweep
- IV = Type IV Sweep
- V = Type V Sweep
- Continuum = Continuum Radio Event

Loop = Loop Prominence System,
Spray = Limb Spray,
Surge = Bright Limb Surge,
EPL = Eruptive Prominence on the Limb.

SPECIAL INSERT: YOHKOH FULL-DISK X-RAY IMAGE

03 September 1994, 06:20 UTC

North



South

KEY: East and west limbs are to the left and right respectively. Emission strength, from minimum to maximum are coded in the following way:

```
     [space] . , : ; - + | ! 1 2 3 4 * # @

     Units used are arbitrary, for illustrative purposes.  Get "showasc.zip"
     from "pub/solar/Software" at the anonymous FTP site: ftp.uleth.ca
     (IP # 142.66.3.29) to view these images on VGA screens. Remove
     all but the image data before typing "showasc filename".


**  End of Daily Report  **

------------------------------

Date: Wed, 31 Aug 1994 22:55:22 MDT
From: agate!howland.reston.ans.net!europa.eng.gtefsd.com!newsxfer.itd.umich.edu!
nntp.cs.ubc.ca!unixg.ubc.ca!quartz.ucs.ualberta.ca!alberta!ve6mgs!usenet@ames.arpa
Subject: Daily Summary of Solar Geophysical Activity for 30 August
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

                /\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\

                 DAILY SUMMARY OF SOLAR GEOPHYSICAL ACTIVITY

                                30 AUGUST, 1994

                /\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\

                  (Based In-Part On SESC Observational Data)


SOLAR AND GEOPHYSICAL ACTIVITY INDICES FOR 30 AUGUST, 1994
----------------------------------------------------------

!!BEGIN!! (1.0) S.T.D. Solar Geophysical Data Broadcast for DAY 242, 08/30/94
10.7 FLUX=083.1  90-AVG=078        SSN=045      BKI=1121 1211  BAI=004
BGND-XRAY=B4.3     FLU1=1.9E+06  FLU10=1.5E+04  PKI=1111 1221  PAI=004
  BOU-DEV=006,005,016,009,005,013,006,008   DEV-AVG=008 NT     SWF=02:019
 XRAY-MAX= M1.4   @ 1037UT    XRAY-MIN= B2.8   @ 1245UT   XRAY-AVG= C1.4
NEUTN-MAX= +003%  @ 1625UT   NEUTN-MIN= -001%  @ 2310UT  NEUTN-AVG= +0.5%
  PCA-MAX= +0.1DB @ 1650UT     PCA-MIN= -0.4DB @ 1255UT    PCA-AVG= -0.0DB
BOUTF-MAX=55222NT @ 1308UT   BOUTF-MIN=55189NT @ 1723UT  BOUTF-AVG=55212NT
GOES7-MAX=P:+000NT@ 0000UT   GOES7-MIN=N:+000NT@ 0000UT  G7-AVG=+079,+000,+000
GOES6-MAX=P:+129NT@ 2101UT   GOES6-MIN=N:-019NT@ 2213UT  G6-AVG=+106,+023,-001
 FLUXFCST=STD:086,089,092;SESC:086,089,092 BAI/PAI-FCST=005,005,005/010,010,010
    KFCST=1223 3221 2123 3212  27DAY-AP=006,003   27DAY-KP=2101 1123 1000 1221
 WARNINGS=*SWF
   ALERTS=**MINFLR:M1.1/SF@0833,S06E82(7773);**MINFLR:M1.4/SF@1037,S08E83
!!END-DATA!!
```

NOTE: The Effective Sunspot Number for 29 AUG 94 was 27.8.
      The Full Kp Indices for 29 AUG 94 are: 1o 1- 3- 1+   1+ 1- 1o 1-
      The 3-Hr Ap Indices for 29 AUG 94 are: 4   3 12   5   5   3   4   3
      Greater than 2 MeV Electron Fluence for 30 AUG is: 6.8E+06

SYNOPSIS OF ACTIVITY

Solar activity became moderate. New Region 7773 (S07E73) produced M1/SF flares at 0833Z and 1037Z. Numerous C-class flares also originated from 7773. Recent white light observations classify this region as a moderate size F class group with some interior spot distribution. Plage intensity was moderate to high. It is likely this region is in a growth phase due to flare frequency and plage brightness.

Solar activity forecast: solar activity should be moderate. The possibility of an X-class flare from Region 7773 exists. A more confident assessment will be possible once the region rotates farther onto the disk and reliable magnetic data can be obtained.

The geomagnetic field was quiet.

Geophysical activity forecast: the geomagnetic field should be quiet at mid latitudes and quiet to slightly unsettled at high latitudes.

Event probabilities 31 aug-02 sep

Class M	60/60/60
Class X	15/15/15
Proton	05/05/05
PCAF	Green

Geomagnetic activity probabilities 31 aug-02 sep

A. Middle Latitudes	
Active	10/10/10
Minor Storm	01/01/01
Major-Severe Storm	01/01/01

B. High Latitudes	
Active	15/15/20
Minor Storm	05/05/05
Major-Severe Storm	01/01/01

HF propagation conditions were near-normal over all regions. Minor SWFs may have been associated with the two M-class flares today and could have affected Africa, Europe, and Asia. There is a high probability for additional SWFs over the next 72 hours from the new region rotating into view. There may also be a chance for an isolated major flare which could more seriously affect daylit paths. More will be known over the next few days as the region is scrutinized in greater detail. In general, normal propagation is expected to continue. Increases in MUF are expected over the next week and should continue for as long as Region 7773 remains active and radiation-emissive.

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REGIONS WITH SUNSPOTS. LOCATIONS VALID AT 30/2400Z AUGUST

NMBR	LOCATION	LO	AREA	Z	LL	NN	MAG	TYPE
7771	N07E50	121	0080	HSX	02	001		ALPHA
7772	S23W12	183	0010	BXO	04	003		BETA
7773	S09E71	100	0270	FHI	16	011		BETA
7770	S09W54	225						PLAGE

REGIONS DUE TO RETURN 31 AUGUST TO 02 SEPTEMBER

NMBR	LAT	LO
NONE		

LISTING OF SOLAR ENERGETIC EVENTS FOR 30 AUGUST, 1994

BEGIN	MAX	END	RGN	LOC	XRAY	OP	245MHZ	10CM	SWEEP
0752	0833	0852	7773	S06E82	M1.1	SF			
1033	1037	1041	7773	S08E83	M1.4	SF			

POSSIBLE CORONAL MASS EJECTION EVENTS FOR 30 AUGUST, 1994

BEGIN	MAX	END	LOCATION	TYPE	SIZE	DUR	II	IV
30/1534	1551	1625	S06E78	LDE	C2.7	51		

INFERRED CORONAL HOLES: LOCATIONS VALID AT 30/2400Z

ISOLATED HOLES AND POLAR EXTENSIONS

	EAST	SOUTH	WEST	NORTH	CAR	TYPE	POL	AREA	OBSN
02	N20E67	N10E56	N30E36	N48E56	116	EXT	POS	014	10830A

SUMMARY OF FLARE EVENTS FOR THE PREVIOUS UTC DAY

Date	Begin	Max	End	Xray	Op	Region	Locn	2695 MHz	8800 MHz	15.4 GHz
29 Aug:	0130	0145	0201	C1.2						
	0406	0419	0426	B7.2						
	0434	0444	0451	C1.1						
	0517	0522	0529	B2.4						
	0531	0542	0551	B9.4						
	0710	0753	0755	C1.0						
	0858	0903	0909	B4.8						
	1229	1247	1255	C7.0						
	1340	1357	1421	C2.4						
	1707	1745	1755	C5.3						
	2019	2022	2030	B4.4						
	2140	2154	2206	C1.0						
	2210	2303	2326	C5.3						
	2324	2330	2334		SF		S12E84			

REGION FLARE STATISTICS FOR THE PREVIOUS UTC DAY

	C	M	X	S	1	2	3	4	Total	(%)
Uncorrellated:	8	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	014	(100.0)

Total Events: 014 optical and x-ray.

EVENTS WITH SWEEPS AND/OR OPTICAL PHENOMENA FOR THE LAST UTC DAY

Date	Begin	Max	End	Xray	Op	Region	Locn	Sweeps/Optical Observations
29 Aug:	0710	0753	0755	C1.0				III

NOTES:
All times are in Universal Time (UT). Characters preceding begin, max, and end times are defined as: B = Before, U = Uncertain, A = After. All times associated with x-ray flares (ex. flares which produce associated x-ray bursts) refer to the begin, max, and end times of the x-rays. Flares which are not associated with x-ray signatures use the optical observations to determine the begin, max, and end times.

Acronyms used to identify sweeps and optical phenomena include:

```
     II        = Type II Sweep Frequency Event
     III       = Type III Sweep
     IV        = Type IV Sweep
     V         = Type V Sweep
     Continuum = Continuum Radio Event
     Loop      = Loop Prominence System,
     Spray     = Limb Spray,
     Surge     = Bright Limb Surge,
     EPL       = Eruptive Prominence on the Limb.
```

** End of Daily Report **

Date: 2 Sep 1994 22:46:16 GMT
From: ihnp4.ucsd.edu!sdd.hp.com!hpscit.sc.hp.com!dmcatee@network.ucsd.edu
Subject: How to open an ICOM R-1?
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

Dan,

Not sure about the knobs, but the one screw you definitely need to remove is the one where the carrying strap hole is. The other MAJOR, MAJOR, MAJOR tip:

> When you open the case, there is a SMALL spring that holds the battery remove button. This spring will probably spring out and be permanently lost, unless you are very careful. You lose this screw, you will be very unhappy....

-Dale (didn't lose the screw, but almost did)

Dale McAtee WB0VTQ/6
"Sometimes you've just got to laugh" dmcatee@ppg01.sc.hp.com

(By the way, the comments and opinions expressed here are my own, not necessarily those of my employer.....)

Date: Fri, 2 Sep 1994 22:43:54 GMT
From: agate!howland.reston.ans.net!spool.mu.edu!sdd.hp.com!hp-pcd!hpcvsnz!tomb@ames.arpa

Subject: More Power vs. Better Antenna
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

Paul Antaki (pantaki@prodigy.bc.ca) wrote:
: I'm trying to make the most of a battery pack on my HT and I find that I
: need to transmit at high power (5 watts) to hit some repeaters I'm
: interested in. Someone once mentioned to me that it would be better to
: use a better antenna (telescopic perhaps) instead of higher power. Would
: someone perhaps be able to explain the relationship between the antenna
: gain and output power?

Eh? 3dB gain is nominally 2x the power. If one antenna has 3dB more gain than another, you should be able to use it with 1/2 the power to transmit the same signal. 6dB gain would let you use 1/4 the power. Mathematically, dB = 10*log(P1/P2). To find the needed antenna gain difference for two power levels, plug P1 and P2 into that formula. Going the other way, if you know the difference in dB between the antennas, you can get the power ratio that's equivalent as (P1/P2) = 10^(dB/10). There's another advantage: if reception is marginal, the better antenna should help you there, too.

Date: Fri, 2 Sep 1994 21:54:00 GMT
From: ihnp4.ucsd.edu!news.cerf.net!gopher.sdsc.edu!nic-nac.CSU.net!
charnel.ecst.csuchico.edu!csusac!csus.edu!netcom.com!nuke@network.ucsd.edu
Subject: Need FCC Part 15 Rules
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

In article <194@sunriv.uucp>, Ronnie Hughes <ronh@sunriv.UUCP> wrote:
>
>Anyone know of a source to quickly obtain a current copy of
>Part 15 of the FCC rules and regulations? I've sent two

Dunno about your QTH but at our public library there is a complete copy of the FCC regs (perhaps even a complete copy of the CFR but I'm not quite sure). Good for reference purposes anyway.

--
Bill Newcomb "Name them."
nuke@netcom.com -Dilbert

Date: Sat, 3 Sep 94 20:21:13 -0500
From: news.delphi.com!usenet@uunet.uu.net

Subject: Program to study for theory tests (PC-comp.)???
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

I am looking for a slick, up-to-date program for the PC (I have a 486DX) that can run through the question pools, keep score, provide statistics and provide help on wrong answers etc. I have seen programs like this in the past, but it has been a couple of years. I need something that has the questions from the latest pools. I would appreciate it if you would point me toward an ftp site or a land-line BBS. My wife, who at the present, does not have her license, is planning to study for her Codeless Technician. I currently have my Codeless Tech and want to upgrade to at least Advanced. Last time I tried this I took all of the written up through Extra and passed (I'm an electrical engineer for the government), but the code gives me problems. This time, I'm going to at least be ready to pass the 13 WPM, and then relax for the General and Advanced theory.

Appreciate your help.

73,
Ned

****
Edward S. Raybould
1248 1/2 Maue Road
Miamisburg, OH 45342-3475 USA
(513) 859-4628

Internet: eee3768@descg2.desc.dla.mil
eraybould@delphi.com
Delphi: ERAYBOULD
AX.25: n8oif@n8acv.#day.#swoh.oh.usa.na
TCP/IP: 44.70.12.65 (n8oif.ampr.org)
****

Date: Sat, 3 Sep 1994 03:22:29 GMT
From: agate!howland.reston.ans.net!gatech!news-feed-1.peachnet.edu!news.duke.edu!eff!wariat.org!malgudi.oar.net!utnetw.utoledo.edu!uoft02.utoledo.edu!POUELLE@ames.arpa
Subject: Questions: Digital Scanning, Cellphones, Transmissions
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

In article <33iefs$80a@thot.u-strasbg.fr>, lpelliss@ensm-ales.fr (Laurent PELLISSIER) writes:
>In article <333n3t$jqf@nic-nac.CSU.net>

>g9153402@huey.csun.edu (Berton Corson) writes:
>
>> First, does anyone know when this will come, or even equal 50% of
>> such calls? Digital cell phones are very expensive, when compared
>> to the regular models, which are literally being given away.
>   Here in France the GSM system is very very inexpensive. In fact
>some store sell one to you for FREE (but you have to subscribe for one
>year to a telephone company). Also they are two operators of the GSM in
>France (a third one is expected for soon!) so the competition between
>them is very hard and the price decrease a lot. For example in the
>beginning of the GSM (3 years ago) a such device cost 6000 FF (1 US$
>for 6 FF) now you can find some at less than 1000 FF. It's totally
>crazy (especially for scanner listenner). Moreover the GSM system is
>scrambled so there is no {easy} way to listen them.
>   So I am very surprised to learn that in the US the digital
>cellphones are so expensive.
>
>--
>Have fun, Laurent.
>
>Laurent PELLISSIER   Ecole des Mines d'Ales
>School of Engineering (Computer Science Department), /bin/su
>e-mail:lpelliss@ensm-ales.fr

Cell phones can be has for $ 29.95 US, but they require a subscription to
one of the cellular carriers. The more features you add the more $$$ you
add :-)

Patrick
pouelle@uoft02.utoledo.edu

Date: 3 Sep 1994 20:48:46 GMT
From: news.uiowa.edu!icaen!drenze@uunet.uu.net
Subject: Radio Shack HTX 202
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

jeffrey@kahuna.tmc.edu (Jeffrey Herman) writes:

>> [Original post and advertisement deleted]

>So you're somehow involved in the production of this rig and
>you're using this newsgroup to advertise? Might you stand to
>gain financially from this article? Hmmmm...

I didn't read the original post, and maybe he is involved with
RadShack. But IMHO as a user of the '202 who *is in no way

affiliated with Radio Shack*, the '202 meets its stated design
goals of a high-quality, sturdy handheld with a very tight
front-end (and I'm quoting from one of the RadShack radio mags
on what the design goals were). It's stood up to almost a year
of daily (ab)use by me and I wouldn't trade it for any of the others
I've used so far.

Just my $0.02.

BTW, to the original poster...bad form, OM to tout your own
product like that, but make it sound as if you're unbiased.

Not to mention using usenet for a commercial...very bad form. Go
over to the biz.* heirarchy for that.

--
Doug Renze, N0YVW * drenze@isca.uiowa.edu * N0YVW @ W0IUQ.ia.usa.na
DRenze@aol.com

"Boom...sooner or later...BOOM!"

Date: 3 Sep 94 20:03:19 GMT
From: news.delphi.com!BIX.com!hamilton@uunet.uu.net
Subject: Wanted: Good Woman!
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

Date: Sat, 3 Sep 1994 13:56:20
From: ihnp4.ucsd.edu!dog.ee.lbl.gov!agate!spool.mu.edu!torn!news.unb.ca!
nbt.nbnet.nb.ca!dynam28.nbnet.nb.ca!davidd@network.ucsd.edu
Subject: Which is Best?
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

I presently have an MFJ Multi 1214 computer interface and a Kam all Mode TNC.
My current interrest is in packet(to a small degree) and Wefax, packet
imaging, etc. Can anyone suggest a best all round controller for packet and
graphics. I want to get rid of these 2 and replace with one unit with the
widest range of options. Tks Dave D.

Date: 3 Sep 1994 21:39:03 GMT
From: news.delphi.com!usenet@uunet.uu.net

Subject: Why Some people hate Wayne Green
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

Quoting gcouger from a message in rec.radio.amateur.misc
   ><32ua9p$m0n@adm09.iac.honeywell.com> Date: Sat, 20 Aug 1994 19:56:43
   >GMT Lines: 16
   > In article <32ua9p$m0n@adm09.iac.honeywell.com>,
   > Dave Phillips <dphillips@ws07.iac.honeywell.com> wrote:
   > >Seems like there are alot of people out there who just don't like
   > >Wayne Green. Some have even cancelled their subscriptions to 73 due
   > >to his "homophobic blathering" within its pages.
   > >
 > I've followed Wayne for a lot of years. Probably his most annoying
 > quality is it turns out that he is right an awful lot of the time.
 > Gordon AB5DG

BARF!! Like his miracle electro-shock cure for AIDS??!? It still brings
a smile to my face imagining some half-wasted homo wiring himself up with
'ol Wayne's snake oil machine... Wayne makes me want to spew...

 Bob Scott   WY7O   For every vision
 scottrj@delphi.com   There is an equal and opposite revision

Rainbow V 1.04 for Delphi - Copy Not Registered

Date: (null)
From: (null)
   WANTED: GOOD WOMAN WHO can cook, work 30
   wpm, Bench test equipment and manage a pile-up.
   Must have Alpha and Antenna Farm. Please send
   photo of Antenna Farm! Mike, <address deleted>.

Hope he has a big mailbox for all those cards and letters that
are sure to pour in! :-)

Regards,
Doug Hamilton KD1UJ hamilton@bix.com Ph 508-358-5715 FAX 508-358-1113
Hamilton Laboratories, 13 Old Farm Road, Wayland, MA 01778-3117, USA

End of Info-Hams Digest V94 #992
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